Table 7: PBTC Protocols [001 – 009]

Protocol	Title	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test
PBTC-001	A Pilot Study of Systemic and Intrathecal Chemotherapy followed by Conformal Radiation for Infants with Embryonal Intracranial Central Nervous System Tumors	None	Study completed	No correlative objective. Estimate PFS, pattern of failure. Central review of MRI scan at end of study
PBTC-002	A Phase I Study of SU5416 in Pediatric Patients With Recurrent or Progressive Poor Prognosis Brain Tumors	Stratum 1: Patients not on enzyme-inducing anticonvulsant drugs Stratum 2: Patients receiving enzyme-inducing anticonvulsant drugs	Study completed	To identify the signal characteristics and biologic correlates of tumors after SU5416 treatment.
PBTC-003	A Phase I Trial of Escalating Oral Doses of SCH 66336 in Pediatric Patients with Refractory or Recurrent Brain Tumors	None	Study completed	No correlative objective. MRI for response only. No central review.
PBTC-004	A Phase I Study of Intrathecal Spartaject [™] -Busulfan in Children with Neoplastic Meningitis	None	Study completed	No correlative objective. MRI for response only with central review
PBTC-005	A Phase I Trial of Temozolomide and O ⁶ -Benzylguanine in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Brain Tumors	Stratum 1: patients previously not treated with RT or only focal RT Stratum 2: patients with prior craniospinal irradiation or myeloblative therapy.	Study	No correlative objective. MRI for response only with central review
PBTC-006	A Phase I/II Trial of STI571 in Children with Newly Diagnosed Poor Prognosis Brainstem Gliomas and Recurrent Intracranial Malignant Gliomas		Study completed	To develop exploratory data concerning surrogate endpoints of therapeutic activity, using physiological neuroimaging studies and correlative biological studies
PBTC-007	A Phase I/II Trial of ZD1839 (Iressa™) and Radiation in Pediatric Patients Newly Diagnosed with Brain Stem Tumors or Incompletely Resected Supratentorial Malignant Gliomas with Phase II Limited to Brain Stem Tumors	Stratum 1: Newly diagnosed intrinsic brain stem glioma or incompletely resected supratentorial malignant gliomas not receiving enzyme-inducing anti-convulsant drugs Stratum 2: Incompletely resected supratentorial malignant gliomas receiving enzyme-inducing anti-convulsant drugs	Study completed	To compare hemodynamic MR parameters to metabolic FDG-PET scanning and correlate both with clinical response or progression in this population
PBTC-009	A Phase I Trial of GLIADEL® and O ⁶ -Benzylguanine in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Malignant Gliomas	None	Study completed	MRI / MRS / MR perfusion & diffusion for assessment of response and toxicity

^{*}If neutropenia is the dose limiting toxicity, additional patients will be accrued allowing the use of G-CSF to establish whether higher doses of temozolomide can be administered with this form of hematological support (Stratum 1b &/or 2b)

Table 7: PBTC Protocols [010 – 016]

Protocol	Title	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test	
PBTC-010	A Phase II Study of Oxaliplatin in Children with Medulloblastoma, Supratentorial Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumors and Atypical Teratoid Rhabdoid Tumors after Failure of Initial Therapy		Study	No correlative objective. MRI for response only with central review.	
PBTC-011	A Phase I/II Trial of Intracerebral IL13-PE38QQR Infusions in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Malignant Glioma	No strata in Phase I		No correlative objective. MRI for response only with central review.	
PBTC-012	A Phase I Study of Cilengitide (EMD 121974) in Children with Refractory Brain Tumors	No strata	edulloblastoma patients with sease edulloblastoma patients with SE cytology or with linear il disease; Stratum III: will s with supratentorial electodermal tumor (S-ing pineoblastomas, and atomas; Stratum III: patients eratoid rhabdoid tumors Study completed To characterize radiogra MRI, MRS, perfusion and and PET scans. To evaluate changes in patterns, MR diffusion are children with refractory or grade gliomas or brainster treated with the combinatory of the completed in the combinatory of the combinatory of the completed in the combinatory of the completed in the combinatory of the completed in the combinatory of the combinatory o		
PBTC-013	A Phase I/II Study of a Recombinant Chimeric Protein Composed of Transforming Growth Factor (TGF)-□ and a Mutated Pseudomonas Exotoxin Termed PE38 (TP-38) in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Progressive Supratentorial High Grade Gliomas	meric Protein or (TGF)-□ and a d PE38 (TP-38) in No strata completed Study		No correlative objective. MRI for response only with central review.	
PBTC-014	A Phase I/II Trial of R115777 and Radiation in Pediatric Patients Newly Diagnosed Non-disseminated Intrinsic Diffuse Brainstem Gliomas	No strata	completed	To characterize radiographic changes using MRI, MRS, perfusion and diffusion imaging and PET scans.	
PBTC-015	A Phase II Trial of 06-Benzylguanine and Temozolomide in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Progressive High-Grad Gliomas and Recurrent or Progressive Brainstem		Study completed	To evaluate changes in MR spectroscopic patterns, MR diffusion and MR perfusion in children with refractory or recurrent high-grade gliomas or brainstem gliomas who are treated with the combination of O6-BG and TMZ.	
PBTC-016	Pagurrent or Pofractory Modulloblactoms, Malianant	Phase I: <u>Stratum 1</u> : those who are not receiving steroids; <u>Stratum 2</u> : those who are receiving steroids;	Study	To characterize radiographic changes using MRI, MRS, perfusion and diffusion imaging and PET scans.	

Table 7: PBTC Protocols [017 - 021]

Protocol	Title	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test
PBTC-017	A Phase I Study of CLORETAZINE™ (VNP40101M) in Children with Recurrent, Progressive or Refractory Primary Brain Tumors	Stratum 1: no prior XRT or focal XRT only and/or < 2 prior myelosupressive chemotherapy regimens; Stratum 2: prior craniospinal XRT, high-dose chemotherapy, and/or > 2 prior myelosupressive chemotherapy regimens	Study completed	No correlative component. Central review for response based on the first MRI scan obtained after 2 courses of chemotherapy.
PBTC-018	A Phase I Trial of CC-5013 in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Refractory Primary CNS Tumors	No strata	Study completed	To evaluate changes in circulating endothelial cells, circulating endothelial cell precursors, and angiogenic modulators and correlate these changes with changes in MR perfusion and clinical outcome. To evaluate changes in MR spectroscopy, MR perfusion and diffusion during treatment.
PBTC-019	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic Optimal Dosing Study of Intrathecal Topotecan for Children with Neoplastic Meningitis	No strata	Study completed	MRI central review for treatment effects and response at study completion.
PBTC-020	A Phase I Clinical Trial of AZD2171 in Children with Recurrent or Progressive Central Nervous System (CNS) Tumors		Study completed	1. To explore correlations in changes in CECs, CEPs and angiogenic modulators with changes in MR perfusion. 2. To obtain preliminary evidence of biologic activity of AZD2171 by evaluating alterations in tissue perfusion, tumor blood flow and metabolic activity using MR perfusion and diffusion imaging, MRS as well as PET analysis and correlating these findings with changes in tumor size by standard MRI. 3. To continue the PBTC investigation of imaging assessments of antiangiogenesis effects by combining data from this trial with other PBTC trials of similar agents.
PBTC-021	A Phase I Trial of Capecitabine Rapidly Disintegrating Tablets and Concomitant Radiation Therapy in Children with Newly Diagnosed Brainstem Gliomas and High Grade Gliomas	No strata	Study completed	To characterize radiographic changes in non- disseminated, newly diagnosed intrinsic brainstem gliomas and high-grade gliomas treated with radiation and capecitabine using MRI, MRS, perfusion and diffusion imaging and PET scans

Table 7: PBTC Protocols [022 - 025]

Protocol	Protocols [022 – 025] Title	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test
PBTC-022	Phase II study of Bevacizumab plus Irinotecan (Camptosar TM) in Children with Recurrent, Progressive, or Refractory Malignant Gliomas, Diffuse/Intrinsic Brain Stem Gliomas, Medulloblastomas, Ependymomas and Low Grade Gliomas	Stratum A: Recurrent, progressive or refractory high-grade gliomas Stratum B: Recurrent, progressive or refractory Intrinsic brain stem tumors Stratum C: Recurrent or progressive Medulloblastomas Stratum D: Recurrent or progressive Ependymomas Stratum E: Recurrent low grade gliomas	Study completed	1. To document changes in MR perfusion and diffusion scans obtained within 24-48 hours following the 2nd dose of Bevacizumab as compared to baseline and correlate with response. 2. To correlate functional changes in tumor with responses to treatment with Bevacizumab + irinotecan using MR perfusion/diffusion imaging, and Fluoro-deoxyglucose (FDG) positron emission tomography (PET). 3. To estimate vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-2 (VEGF-R2) expression in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) prior to treatment and its down-regulation following two doses of single-agent Bevacizumab and correlate this finding with permeability changes in the tumor on MR perfusion imaging obtained 24-48 hours following the 2nd dose Bevacizumab
PBTC-023	Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Study of Enzastaurin (LY317615) in Children and Adolescents with Refractory Primary CNS Tumors	No strata	Study completed	To explore changes in correlative magnetic resonance imaging in children receiving enzastaurin. Specifically to evaluate changes in MR perfusion and diffusion scans obtained within 15 ± 2 days after initiation of enzastaurin therapy as compared to baseline and to correlate these changes with clinical outcome, as applicable. 1. Results of imaging studies will be combined across similar PBTC protocols to increase the power for detecting correlations among scans and with outcome.
PBTC-024	A Phase I Study of MK-0752 in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Refractory CNS Malignancies	No strata	Study completed	To explore changes in correlative magnetic resonance imaging in children receiving MK-0752. Volumetric MR imaging findings may be combined across similar PBTC protocols to increase the power for detecting correlations among scans and associations with outcome.
PBTC-025	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic and Safety Study in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma to Identify a Pharmacokinetic Based Dose for GDC-0449	No strata	Study completed	Central review of MR knee, standard MR brain and spine.

Table 7: PBTC Protocols [025B - 033]

Protocol	Protocols [025B – 033]	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test
PBTC-025B	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic and Safety Study in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma to Identify a Pharmacokinetic Based Dose for GDC-0449	No strata	Open to accrual	Central review of neuro-imaging studies by neuro- radiologists will be conducted to confirm response only in patients reported by the treating site to have experienced an objective response. MRI of the Brain and spine with and without contrast (brain) and post contrast (spine) will be performed.
PBTC-026	A Feasibility Study of SAHA combined with Isotretinoin and Chemotherapy in Infants with Embryonal Tumors of the Central Nervous System	No strata	Open to accrual	To estimate the preliminary response rate of this approach in patients with measurable residual disease (primary site and/or metastatic sites. Central review of standard MR brain and spine.
PBTC-027	A Phase I Study of ABT-888, an Oral Inhibitor of Poly(ADP-ribose) Polymerase and Temozolomide in Children with Recurrent/Refractory CNS Tumors	No strata		No correlative objective. MR for response only.
PBTC-029	Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Study of AZD6244 for Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	No strata	Open to accrual	Central review of MR imaging studies. To assess diffusion imaging contributions to tumor behavior (type, grade) and response to therapy.
PBTC-029B	A Phase 1 and Phase II Study of AZD6244 for Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	Stratum 1: Patients with non NF-1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory pilocytic astrocytoma with pretrial tumor material available and with a BRAF aberration excluding patients with optic pathway glioma. Stratum 2: Patients with non NF-1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory pilocytic astrocytoma with pretrial tumor material available and without BRAF aberration excluding patients with optic pathway glioma. Stratum 3: Patients with NF-1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory low grade glioma (WHO I or II), with or without tissue Stratum 4: Patients with non-NF1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory optic pathway glioma (OPG) with or without tissue available for BRAF evaluation. Stratum 5: Patients with non NF-1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory low grade glioma (other than pilocytic astrocytoma or optic pathway glioma) with a BRAF aberration.	Open	To describe MRI characteristics of the tumors before and after treatment to determine if there is an early diffusion indicator of response.

		Stratum 6: Patients with non NF-1 associated progressive, recurrent or refractory low grade glioma (other than OPG) with tissue available for BRAFanalysis who cannot be classified into Stratum 1, 2 or 5 due to inadegquate tissue quality		
PBTC-029C - Retreatment	A Phase 1 and Phase II Study of AZD6244 for Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	No strata	Open	To describe MRI characteristics of the tumors before and after treatment to determine if there is an early diffusion indicator of response.
PBTC-030	A Phase II Trial of Capecitabine Rapidly Disintegrating Tablets and Concomitant Radiation Therapy in Children with Newly Diagnosed Brainstem Gliomas		Study completed	To describe and explore changes in diffusion tensor imaging variables in brainstem gliomas in response to therapy and prior to progression.
PBTC-031	Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Trial of PTC299 in Pediatric Patients with Refractory or Recurrent CNS Tumors	INIA ctrata	Study completed	To obtain preliminary evidence of biologic activity of PTC299 by using MR diffusion to assess tumor cellularity.
PBTC-032	A Phase II Clinical Trial Evaluating the Efficacy and Safety of GDC-0449 in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma		Study completed	MR of the knee: To assess for side effects of this drug on growth cartilage MR of brain/spine: Central review of MR scans of brain and spine will be performed to confirm sustained responses and other clinical events as may be needed.
PBTC-033	A Phase I/II Study of ABT-888, an Oral Poly (ADP-ribose) Polymerase Inhibitor, and Concurrent Radiation Therapy, Followed by ABT-888 and Temozolomide, in Children with Newly Diagnosed Diffuse Pontine Gliomas (DIPG)	No strata	Open	To explore the quantitative MR measures of relative cerebral blood volume (rCBV), vascular permeability (Ktrans, vp, and ve values), and apparent diffusion coefficient (ADC) within the first six months of initiating protocol treatment to correlate with disease outcome and determine whether such metrics differentiate patients with pseudoprogression from those with true early progressive disease.

Table 7: PBTC Protocols [036-048]

Protocol	Protocols [036-048] Title	Strata	Status	Neuroimaging Objective/Test
PBTC-036	A Molecular Biology and Phase II Study of Imetelstat (GRN163L) in Children with Recurrent High-Grade Glioma, Ependymoma, Medulloblastoma/Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumor and Diffuse Intrinsic Pontine Glioma		Study completed	To assess changes in tumor size, enhancement, and diffusion characteristics.
PBTC-037	A phase I study of intratumoral/peritumoral herpes simplex virus-1 mutant HSV1716 in patients with refractory or recurrent high grade gliomas (HGG)	No strata	Open	1. To evaluate changes in tumor enhancement, quantitative MR measures of tumor 1.1.4perfusion (relative cerebral blood volume (rCBV), ktrans, Vp and Ve values and apparent diffusion coefficient (ADC) in response to HSV1716 injection 2. To evaluate changes in FDG-PET uptake in response to HSV1716 injection.
				3. To evaluate changes in tumor choline values using MR spectroscopy in response to HSV1716 injection and further delineate from progressive disease versus pseudo-progression post therapy.
PBTC-039	A Phase II study of Peginterferon alfa-2b (PEGIntron) for pediatric patients with unresectable or recurrent craniopharyngioma	Stratum 1: Patients with progressive unresectable or recurrent craniopharyngiomas treated with surgery alone who have not received radiation therapy. Patients with unresectable craniopharyngiomas (i.e., residual measurable disease following surgical resection) will be enrolled at the time of progression Stratum 2: Patients with progressive or recurrent craniopharyngiomas following radiation therapy.	Open	To compare the protocol specific disease assessment criteria to MacDonald criteria during the first year of treatment in stratum I and at the time of objective response and progressive disease in both strata.
PBTC-041	A Phase I Trial of p28 (NSC745104), a Non-HDM2 mediated peptide inhibitor of p53 ubiquitination in pediatric patients with recurrent or progressive CNS tumors		Study completed	No correlative objective. MR for response only.
PBTC-042	PBTC-042 Phase I study of CDK 4-6 inhibitor PD- 0332991 in children with recurrent, progressive or refractory central nervous system tumors	Stratum A: DIPGs Stratum B: non-brainstem HGGs	Open	No correlative objective MR for response only

PBTC-043	A Phase I Trial of Pomalidomide for children with recurrent, progressive or refractory CNS tumors	Stratum 1: Patients on or off steroids Stratum 2: Patients on steroid, <12 Years Old Stratum 3: Patients off steroid, <12 Years Old Stratum 4: Patients on steroid, >=12 Years Old Stratum 5: Patients off steroid, >=12 Years Old	Open	No correlative response MR for response only
PBTC-045	A Safety and Preliminary Efficacy trial of MK-3475 (pembrolizumab; anti-PD-1) in Children with recurrent, progressive or refractory high-grade gliomas (HGG) and DIPGs.	Stratum A: patients with progressive, recurrent or refractory DIPGs Stratum B: patients with progressive, recurrent or refractory non-brainstem HGGs.	Open	1. To examine the ability of quantitative MR spectroscopy and diffusion/weighted imaging/ADC mapping to provide early assessment of tumor behavior and specifically distinguish pseudoprogression from true progression 2. To explore the use of serial MR permeability (DCE) and MR perfusion (DSC) to determine if elevated rCBV and ktrans can distinguish pseudoprogression from true progression in tumors treated on this protocol
PBTC-047	A Phase I Trial of Panobinostat in Children with Diffuse Intrinsic Pontine Glioma	No Strata	Open	No correlative response. MR for response only Will analyze diffusion and standard MR sequences
PBTC-048	Feasibility Trial of Optune for Children with Recurrent or Progressive Supratentorial High-Grade Glioma and Ependymoma	No Strata	Open	To explore the association of apparent diffusion coefficient (ADC) values within the tumor and correlate with response to Optune treatment and EFS.

Table 8: PBTC Protocols [001 - 013]

Protocol	Trial	MR Brain	MR Diffusion	MR Perfusion	MR Spectro- scopy	Cister- nogram	MR Spine	Bone Scan	PET	СТ
PBTC-001	A Pilot Study of Systemic and Intrathecal Chemotherapy followed by Conformal Radiation for infants with Embryonal Intracranial Central Nervous System Tumors	+				+	+	+		
PBTC-002	A Phase I Study of SU5416 in Pediatric Patients With Recurrent or Progressive Poor Prognosis Brain Tumors	+	+	+	+				+	
PBTC-003	A Phase I Trial of Escalating Oral Doses of SCH 66336 in Pediatric Patients with Refractory or Recurrent Brain Tumors	+					+			
PBTC-004	A Phase I Study of Intrathecal SpartajectTM-Busulfan in Children with Neoplastic Meningitis	+					+			
PBTC-005	A Phase I Trial of Temozolomide and O ⁶ - Benzylguanine in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Brain Tumors	+					+			
PBTC-006	A Phase I/II Trial of STI571 in Children with Newly Diagnosed Poor Prognosis Brainstem Gliomas and Recurrent Intracranial Malignant Gliomas	+	+	+	+		+		+	
PBTC-007	Malignant Gliomas with Phase II limited to Brain Stem Tumors	+	+	+					+	
PBTC-009	A Phase I Trial of GLIADEL® and O ⁶ -Benzylguanine in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Malignant Gliomas	+	+	+	+					
PBTC-010	A Phase II Study of Oxaliplatin in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma, Supratentorial Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumors and Atypical Teratoid Rhabdoid Tumors	+					+			
PBTC-011	A Phase I/II Trial of Intracerebral IL13-PE38QQR Infusions in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent Malignant Glioma	+								+
PBTC-012	A Phase I Study of Cilengitide (EMD 121974) in Children with Refractory Brain Tumors	+		+	+		+		+	
PBTC-013	A Phase I/II Study of a Recombinant Chimeric Protein Composed of Transforming Growth Factor (TGF)-a and a Mutated Form of the Pseudomonas Exotoxin Termed PE38 (TP-38) in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Progressive Supratentorial High Grade Gliomas	+								+

Table 8: PBTC Protocols [014-022]

	TC Protocols [014-022]	MR	MR	MR	MR	Cister-	MR	Bone		
Protocol	Trial	Brain	Diffusion	Perfusion	Spectroscopy	nogram	Spine	Scan	PET	СТ
PBTC-014	A Phase I/II Trial of R115777 and Radiation in Pediatric Patients Newly Diagnosed Non-disseminated Intrinsic Diffuse Brainstem Gliomas	+	+	+			+		+	
PBTC-015	A Phase II Trial of 06-Benzylguanine and Temozolomide in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Progressive High-Grad Gliomas and Recurrent / Progressive Brainstem Tumors	+		+	+				+	
PBTC-016	A Phase I, Molecular Biology and Phase II Study of Lapatinib (GW572016) in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma, Malignant Glioma or Ependymoma	+	+	+			+		+	
PBTC-017	A Phase I Study of CLORETAZINE™ (VNP40101M) in Children with Recurrent, Progressive or Refractory Primary Brain Tumors	+					+			
PBTC-018	A Phase I Trial of CC-5013 in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Refractory Primary CNS Tumors	+	+	+			+		+	
PBTC-019	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic Optimal Dosing Study of Intrathecal Topotecan for Children with Neoplastic Meningitis	+					+			
PBTC-020	A Phase 1 Clinical Trial of AZD2171 in children with Recurrent or Progressive Central Nervous System (CNS) Tumors	+	+	T1 permeability followed by T2*			+		+	
PBTC-021	A Phase I Trial of Capecitabine Rapidly Disintegrating Tablets and Concomitant Radiation Therapy in Children with Newly Diagnosed Brainstem Gliomas and High Grade Gliomas	+	+	+			+		+	
PBTC-022	Phase II study of Bevacizumab plus Irinotecan (Camptosar TM) in Children with Recurrent, Progressive, or Refractory Malignant Gliomas, Diffuse/Intrinsic Brain Stem Gliomas, Medulloblastomas, Ependymomas and Low Grade Gliomas	+	+	T1 permeability followed by T2*			+		+	

Table 8: PBTC Protocols [023-032]

Table U. FD	TC Protocols [023-032]							_		
Protocol	Trial	MR Brain	MR Diffusion	MR Perfusion	MR Spectroscopy	Cister- nogram	MR Spine	Bone Scan	PET	СТ
PBTC-023	A Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Study of Enzastaurin (LY317615) in Children and Adolescents with Refractory Primary CNS Tumors	+	+	T1 permeability followed by T2*			+			
PBTC-024	A Phase I Study of MK-0752 in Pediatric Patients with Recurrent or Refractory CNS Malignancies	+					+			
PBTC-025	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic and Safety Study in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma to Identify a Pharmacokinetic Based Dose for GDC-0449	+					+			
PBTC-025B	A Phase I Pharmacokinetic and Safety Study in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma to Identify a Pharmacokinetic Based Dose for GDC-0449	+					+			
PBTC-026	A Feasibility Study of SAHA combined with Isotretinoin and Chemotherapy in Infants with Embryonal Tumors of the Central Nervous System	+					+			
PBTC-027	A Phase I Study of ABT-888, an Oral Inhibitor of Poly(ADP-ribose) Polymerase and Temozolomide in Children with Recurrent/Refractory CNS Tumors	+					+			
PBTC-029	A Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Study of AZD6244 for Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	+	+				+			
PBTC-029B	A Phase 1 and Phase II Study of AZD6244 for Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	+	+				+			
PBTC-029C - Retreatment	Recurrent or Refractory Pediatric Low Grade Glioma	+	+				+			
PBTC-030	A Phase II Trial of Capecitabine Rapidly Disintegrating Tablets and Concomitant Radiation Therapy in Children with Newly Diagnosed Brainstem Gliomas *	+	+							
PBTC-031	A Phase I and Pharmacokinetic Trial of PTC299 in Pediatric Patients with Refractory or Recurrent CNS Tumors	+	+				+			
PBTC-032	A Phase II Clinical Trial Evaluating the Efficacy and Safety of GDC-0449 in Children with Recurrent or Refractory Medulloblastoma	+					+			

Table 8: PRTC Protocols [033-045]

Protocol	Trial	MR Brain	MR Diffusion	MR Perfusion	MR Spectroscopy	Cister- nogram	MR Spine	Bone Scan	PET	СТ
PBTC-033	A Phase I/II Study of ABT-888, an Oral Poly (ADP-ribose) Polymerase Inhibitor, and Concurrent Radiation Therapy, Followed by ABT-888 and Temozolomide, in Children with Newly Diagnosed Diffuse Pontine Gliomas (DIPG)	+	+	T1 permeability followed by T2*			+			
PBTC-036	A Molecular Biology and Phase II Study of Imetelstat (GRN163L) in Children with Recurrent High-Grade Glioma, Ependymoma, Medulloblastoma/Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumor and Diffuse Intrinsic Pontine Glioma	+	+				+			
PBTC-037	A phase I study of intratumoral/peritumoral herpes simplex virus-1 mutant HSV1716 in patients with refractory or recurrent high grade gliomas (HGG)	+	+	+	+				+	
PBTC-039	A Phase II study of Peginterferon alfa-2b (PEGIntron) for pediatric patients with unresectable or recurrent craniopharyngioma	+								
PBTC-041	A Phase I Trial of p28 (NSC745104), a Non-HDM2 mediated peptide inhibitor of p53 ubiquitination in pediatric patients with recurrent or progressive CNS tumors	+	+				+			
PBTC-042	Phase I study of CDK 4-6 inhibitor PD-0332991 in children with recurrent, progressive or refractory central nervous system tumors.	+					+			
PBTC-043	A Phase I Trial of Pomalidomide for children with recurrent, progressive or refractory CNS tumors	+	+				+			
PBTC-045	A Safety and Preliminary Efficacy trial of MK-3475 (pembrolizumab; anti-PD-1) in Children with recurrent, progressive or refractory high-grade gliomas (HGG) and DIPGs	+	+	+	+		+			
PBTC-047	Phase 1 Trial of Panobinostat in Children with Diffuse Intrinsic Pontine Glioma	+	+							
PBTC-048	Feasibility Trial of Optune for Children with Recurrent or Progressive Supratentorial High-Grade Glioma and Ependymoma	+	+							

^{*} DTI ** MR of knee required